In this workshop, participants will find a list of situations in which talking about a problem can actually help. It is aimed at helping children especially be more confident about talking about things that make them feel uncomfortable or worse, encourage them to report it – to be brave and talk to someone they trust who can help, including you, the principal, or a parent. This resource forms part of the “Cyber Heros” learning programme designed for 8 to 14 year olds.

**General Objective**

Awareness building

**Preparation time for facilitator**

less than 1 hour

**Competence area**

4 - Safety

**Time needed to complete activity (for learner)**

0 - 1 hour

**Resource originally created in**

French
WORKSHOP DIRECTIONS

1 Introduction

One piece of advice that appears consistently throughout these thematics is: if students come across something that makes them feel uncomfortable or worse, encourage them to report it – be brave and talk to someone they trust who can help, including you, the principal, or a parent. Students should pick this up from any one of the thematics, but just to be sure, here’s a class discussion focused specifically on the “when in doubt, talk it out” principle. Below, you’ll find a list of situations in which talking it out can really help.

Note to facilitator:

1. *Children have been taught or conditioned not to “tattle” for so many generations that it has become a social norm, and bullying prevention experts have been working hard to help children understand the difference between “telling” and getting help. Help your students see that seeking support when hurtful things happen online is not “tattling”; it’s about getting help for themselves or peers when people are getting hurt.*

2. *Fostering open communication in your classroom and reminding students you’re always there for backup support students’ agency and appropriate reporting.*

3. *In the discussion below, any time students share about times they sought adult help, be sure the tone of the conversation is one that makes them feel proud and brave to have taken action, especially since they’re speaking up in front of peers.*

2 Goals for students

• Recognize that seeking help for oneself or others is a sign of strength.
• Think out loud together about situations where talking it out can really help.

3 Let's talk
Here’s a whole list of situations you might run into online. We may not get through them all because I hope you’ll raise your hands when something on the list reminds you of a situation you’ve been in and what you did about it, so we can talk those situations out together.

**Discussion topics**

1. Silently read the list below to yourselves. While you do, think about whether any of these situations happened to you, whether you wanted to ask an adult for help in any of them and if you did or not.

   • You had this feeling that your account may have been compromised. (Discussion opportunity: What can you do to make your account security even stronger?)

   • You needed help remembering a password.

   • You were unsure whether something was a scam or thought you might have fallen for one. (Discussion opportunity: What are the warning signs?).

   • Someone tried to discuss something online with you that made you uncomfortable.

   • You received a creepy message or comment from a stranger. (Discussion opportunity: What makes something creepy?). • You wanted to discuss something someone said online that was really nice OR really mean.

   • You were concerned you may have shared something online you shouldn’t have. Only tell us what it was if you feel comfortable sharing that, but even if you don’t, tell us what you did about it.

   • You saw a peer being hurtful to another student online.

   • You saw someone threatening to start a fight or harm someone.

   • Someone posted a fake profile about another student.

   • You were concerned about another student because of something they posted or texted. (Discussion opportunity: Sometimes it’s difficult to risk upsetting your friend, but isn’t their safety and well-being more important?).

2. Raise your hand if you want to tell us what you did (or didn’t do) and why. If someone already picked one, see if you have a different one we can talk about.
3. Let’s discuss those situations.

**Note for facilitator**

*Having a student panel or working group in your school (or a middle/high school in your district) can be a very effective way to build student agency around this topic. If there already is a panel or peer mentoring group at your school, have the mentors walk through the above scenarios with younger students and share their own experiences of navigating them.*